

Original Research Article

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Study on Correlation and Path Analysis for Yield and Yield Components in Cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp]

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ABSTRACT

The present experiment was carried out on correlation and path analysis in cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] during 2016-17. The study was consists 30 genotypes of cowpea using randomized block design with two replications. The phenotypic and genotypic correlation coefficient revealed that seed yield per plant was significantly and positively correlated with dry matter yield per plant (0.8502), harvest index (0.8082), 100 seed weight (0.6377), number of pods per plant (0.4413) and number of seeds per pod (0.2815). However, plant height (-0.0022) showed significantly and negatively correlated with seed yield per plant. The character pod length (-0.2377) showed negative non-significantly correlated with seed yield per plant. Path coefficient analysis of different yield and yield contributing traits on number of pods per plant, number of seeds per pod, pod length (cm), hundred seed weight (g) and harvest index (%) exhibited positive direct effects on seed yield per plant these characters play a major role in recombination breeding and suggested that direct selection based on these traits will be rewarded for crop improvement of cowpea.

Keywords

Cowpea,
Genotypes,
Correlation, Path
co-efficient analysis

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Introduction

Pulses are the rich source of proteins, vitamins and minerals for the predominantly vegetarian population of our country. Cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp] is one of the most widely adapted, drought-tolerant, versatile and nutritious pulse crop. In the world, the total area of pulse production is 78 M hectare with production of 70 MT and productivity 908

kg/ha (Anon., 2012). In India, the total area of pulses production is 72.3 M hectare with production of 64.4 MT and productivity 890 kg/ha, whereas Maharashtra contributes 12% of a total production of Cowpea. For any crop improvement program, evaluation of germplasm to assess the existing variability is the first step. Greater the variability present in the initial material better would be the chances for evolving desired types. A clear

understanding of variability of various characters of the breeding materials is an asset to the plant breeder for selecting superior genotypes on the basis of their phenotypic expression. In this regards estimates of genotypic and phenotypic variance for various quantitative characters along with heritability and genetic advance expected by selection for yield and its components are useful in designing an effective breeding program.

Materials and Methods

The present investigation “Study on correlation and path analysis in cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] was carried out at the Educational & Research Farm of Department of Agil. Botany, College of Agriculture, Dapoli, Maharashtra, India during *Rabi*, 2016. The study was under taken on 30 genotypes of cowpea using randomized block design with two replications. Keeping a plot size is of 2.0 m x 1.5 m. The plot was selected on the basis of suitability of the land for cultivation of cowpea. The data was recorded on following quantitative parameters plant height, days to first flowering, days to 50 % flowering, days to maturity number primary branches per plant, number of pods for plant, pod length, number of seeds per pod, hundred seed weight and harvest index. The analysis was done as per Panse and Sukhatme (1985), Burton and De Vane (1953), Johnson *et al.*, (1955), Dewey and Lu (1959).

Results and Discussion

Correlation studies In order to find out the association between yield and yield contributing characters, the genotypic and phenotypic correlation coefficients were estimated and presented in Table 1.

Phenotypic and genotypic correlation coefficient

The result on phenotypic and genotypic

correlation coefficient revealed that seed yield per plant was significantly and positively correlated with dry matter yield per plant (0.8502), harvest index (0.8082), hundred seed weight (0.6377), number of pods per plant (0.4413) and number of seeds per pod (0.2815). However, plant height (-0.0022) showed significantly and negatively correlated with seed yield per plant. The character pod length (-0.2377) showed negative non significantly correlated with seed yield per plant. These results are in similar with the finding of Singh *et al.*, (2004). Number of pods per plant showed positive significant correlation with number of primary branches per plant (0.8842), number of pods per plant (0.8371), negative significant correlation with days to 50 % flowering (-0.0043), pod length (-0.1467), negative, significant correlation with 100 seed weight (- 0.2635). These results are in consonance with the finding of Malarvizhi and Rangasamy (2003) and Oseni *et al.*, (1992) in case of pods per plant. Number of pods per plant showed positive correlation with harvest index (0.5010). It had positive non-significant correlation with dry matter yield per plant (0.2522), pod length (0.0701) and hundred seed weight (0.0118). The same result was recorded by Patel *et al.*, (2016) with pod length in cowpea. Pod length is an important parameter considered for improvement which was positively correlated with harvest index (0.2370), dry matter yield per plant (0.1724) and number of seeds per pod (0.1491). Similar results were observed by Sapra and Javia (2014) for pod yield at genotypic and phenotypic level, but negatively correlated for hundred seed weight (Table 2).

Path Co-efficient analyses

It was analyzed for yield and yield contributing traits are presented in (Table 3 and 4). It was observed that genotypic direct and indirect effects were higher than their corresponding phenotypic values.

Table.1 Estimates of phenotypic correlation coefficient for 12 quantitative characters

Character	Days to first flowering	Days to 50% flowering	Days to maturity	Plant height (cm)	Number of primary branches per plant	Number of pods per plant	Pod length (cm)	Number of seed per pod	Dry matter yield per plant (g)	Hundred seed weight (g)	Harvest index (%)	Seed yield per plant (g)
Days to first flowering	1.0000	0.8872**	0.8189**	0.2179	0.1336	0.3859*	0.2198	-0.0354	0.0496	-0.0245	0.2294	0.1568
Days to 50% flowering		1.0000	0.8905**	0.1846	0.1165	0.4088**	0.3028*	-0.0264	0.1154	-0.0196	0.2111	0.1880
Days to maturity			1.0000	0.2228	0.0711	0.2566*	0.2961*	0.0111	0.0885	0.0232	0.1776	0.1476
Plant height (cm)				1.0000	0.0737	0.1504	0.1666	-0.0715	0.0463	-0.1229	-0.0448	-0.0022
Number of primary branches per plant					1.0000	0.3389*	0.0448	-0.0414	0.1134	0.0252	0.1284	0.1357
Number of pods per plant						1.0000	0.0701	-0.3069*	0.2522	0.0118	0.5010**	0.4413**
Pod length (cm)							1.0000	0.1491	0.1724	0.0800	0.2370	0.2377
Number of seed per pod								1.0000	0.5960**	0.0593	0.0746	0.4103**
Dry matter yield per plant (g)									1.0000	0.5267**	0.3836*	0.8502**
Hundred seed weight (g)										1.0000	0.5021**	0.6377**
Harvest index (%)											1.0000	0.8082**
Seed yield per plant (g)												1.0000

*Significant at 5 per cent

**Significant at 1 per cent

Table.2 Estimates of genotypic correlation coefficient for 12 quantitative characters

Character	Days to first flowering	Days to 50% flowering	Days to maturity	Plant height (cm)	Number of primary branches per plant	Number of pods per plant	Pod length (cm)	Number of seed per pod	Dry matter yield per plant (g)	Hundred seed weight (g)	Harvest index (%)	Seed yield per plant (g)
Days to first flowering	1.0000	0.9883**	0.9801	0.2677	0.2025	0.4028**	0.2331	-0.0509	0.0571	-0.0215	0.3266*	0.1811
Days to 50% flowering		1.0000	0.9935	0.2262	0.1584	0.4298**	0.3231*	-0.0323	0.1410	-0.0250	0.3479*	0.2412
Days to maturity			1.0000	0.3711*	-0.0208	0.3091*	0.4182**	-0.0163	0.1883	0.0406	0.2391	0.2263
Plant height (cm)				1.0000	0.1898	0.1612	0.1166	-0.1043	0.0690	-0.1533	0.0167	0.0324
Number of primary branches per plant					1.0000	0.4319**	0.1363	-0.0699	0.1797	0.0244	0.3645*	0.2734*
Number of pods per plant						1.0000	0.0664	-0.3139	0.2798*	0.0125	0.6403**	0.4680**
Pod length (cm)							1.0000	0.1566	0.1875	0.0874	0.2497	0.2261
Number of seed per pod								1.0000	0.6264	0.0584	0.1080	0.4346**
Dry matter yield per plant (g)									1.0000	0.5547	0.6721**	0.9267**
Hundred seed weight (g)										1.0000	0.6293**	0.6552**
Harvest index (%)											1.0000	0.9003**
Seed yield per plant (g)												1.0000

Table.3 Path analysis at phenotypic level for 12 quantitative characters

Character	Days to first flowering	Days to 50% flowering	Days to maturity	Plant height (cm)	Number of primary branches per plant	Number of pods per plant	Pod length (cm)	Number of seed per pod	Dry matter yield per plant (g)	Hundred seed weight (g)	Harvest index (%)	Seed yield per plant (g)
Days to first flowering	-0.0025	0.0198	-0.0231	0.0005	-0.0017	0.0151	0.0000	-0.0012	0.0290	-0.0015	0.1225	0.1568
Days to 50% flowering	-0.0022	0.0223	-0.0251	0.0004	-0.0015	0.0160	0.0000	-0.0009	0.0675	-0.0012	0.1127	0.1880
Days to maturity	-0.0021	0.0199	-0.0282	0.0005	-0.0009	0.0100	0.0000	-0.0024	0.0271	-0.0075	-0.0239	0.1476
Plant height (cm)	-0.0005	0.0041	-0.0063	0.0023	-0.0010	0.0059	0.0000	-0.0024	0.0271	-0.0075	-0.0239	- 0.0022
Number of primary branches per plant	-0.0003	0.0026	-0.0020	0.0002	-0.0130	0.0132	0.0000	-0.0014	0.0663	0.0015	0.0686	0.1357
Number of pods per plant	-0.0010	0.0091	-0.0072	0.0004	-0.0044	0.0390	0.0000	-0.0104	0.1475	0.0007	0.2675	0.4413
Pod length (cm)	-0.0006	0.0068	-0.0083	0.0004	0.000	0.0027	-0.0001	0.0050	0.1009	0.0049	0.1266	0.2377
Number of seed per pod	0.0001	-0.0006	-0.0003	- 0.0002	0.0005	-0.0120	0.0000	0.0338	0.3455	0.0036	0.0398	0.4103
Dry matter yield per plant (g)	-0.0001	0.0026	-0.0055	0.0001	-0.0015	0.0098	0.0000	0.0200	0.5850	0.0320	0.2048	0.8502
Hundred seed weight (g)	0.0001	-0.0004	-0.0007	- 0.0003	-0.0003	0.0005	0.0000	0.0020	0.3081	0.0607	0.2681	0.6377
Harvest index (%)	-0.0006	0.0047	-0.0050	- 0.0001	-0.0017	0.0196	0.0000	0.0025	0.2244	0.0305	0.5339	0.8082

Table.4 Path analysis at genotypic level for 12 quantitative characters

Character	Days to first flowering	Days to 50% flowering	Days to maturity	Plant height (cm)	Number of primary branches per plant	Number of pods per plant	Pod length (cm)	Number of seed per pod	Dry matter yield per plant (g)	Hundred seed weight (g)	Harvest index (%)	Seed yield per plant (g)
Days to first flowering	0.0108	0.0712	-0.0906	0.0025	-0.0055	-0.0037	0.0008	-0.0006	0.0332	-0.0005	0.1633	0.1811
Days to 50% flowering	0.0107	0.0721	-0.0916	0.0021	-0.0043	-0.0039	0.0011	-0.0004	0.0821	-0.0006	0.1740	0.2412
Days to maturity	0.0109	0.0731	-0.0903	0.0035	0.0006	-0.0028	0.0001	-0.0002	0.1096	0.0010	0.1196	0.2263
Plant height (cm)	0.0029	0.0163	-0.0335	0.0094	-0.0051	-0.0015	0.0004	-0.0012	0.0402	-0.0038	0.0084	0.0324
Number of primary branches per plant	0.0022	0.0114	0.0019	0.0018	-0.0270	-0.0039	0.0004	-0.0008	0.1046	0.0006	0.1823	0.2734
Number of pods per plant	0.0044	0.0310	-0.0279	0.0015	-0.0117	-0.0091	0.0002	-0.0037	0.1628	0.0003	0.3202	0.4680
Pod length (cm)	0.0025	0.0233	-0.0378	0.0011	-0.0037	-0.0006	0.0033	0.0018	0.1091	0.0022	0.1249	0.2261
Number of seed per pod	-0.0006	-0.0023	0.0015	-0.0010	0.0019	0.0029	0.0005	0.0118	0.3645	0.0014	0.0540	0.4346
Dry matter yield per plant (g)	0.0006	0.0102	-0.0170	0.0007	-0.0049	-0.0026	0.0006	0.0074	0.5819	0.0137	0.3361	0.9267
Hundred seed weight (g)	-0.0002	-0.0018	-0.0037	-0.0014	-0.0007	-0.0001	0.0003	0.0007	0.3228	0.0247	0.3147	0.6552
Harvest index (%)	0.0035	0.0251	-0.0216	0.0002	-0.0099	-0.0058	0.0008	0.0013	0.3911	0.0155	0.5001	0.9003

Note: Bold figures indicate direct effect

Residual effect= 0.0306

Direct effects Path coefficient analysis showed that the characters days to first flowering, days to fifty per cent flowering, plant height, number of pods per plant, number of seeds per pod, first 100 seed weight, pod diameter (cm). These results were conformity with Tyagi *et al.*, (2000) and Singh *et al.*, (2004).

Indirect effects on yield parameters

Number of seeds per pod had positive indirect effect on dry matter yield per plant, hundred seed weight and harvest index at both phenotypic and genotypic level, while negative indirect effect on days to fifty per cent flowering at both phenotypic and genotypic level. Manggoel (2012) and Kulkarni (1994) reported similar result for indirect effect of dry pod yield per plant and hundred seed weight in cowpea. Dry matter yield per plant had positive indirect effect through hundred seed weight, harvest index, plant height, days to first flowering, days to fifty per cent flowering and number of seeds per pod, while days to maturity and number of pods per plant had negative indirect effect. This result was in confirmation with Kulkarni (1994) and Rangaiah and Mahadevu (2000). Hundred seed weight showed positive indirect effect through number of seeds per pod, dry matter yield per plant, harvest index and hundred seed weight. It showed negative indirect effect on seed yield through days to fifty per cent flowering, days to maturity, plant height and number of primary branches per plant. Pekson and Cengiz (2004) and Manggoel *et al.*, (2012) reported high positive direct effect of hundred seed weight on seed yield per plant. Harvest index showed positive indirect effect on seed yield through number of seeds per pod, dry matter yield per plant and hundred seed weight. It showed negative indirect effect through days to maturity and number of primary branches per plant. This result was similar with the observation of Kulkarni (1994) at genotypic level for seed yield per plant and dry pod yield per plant.

In conclusion, it is to be stated that on the basis of correlation and path analysis studied, seed yield per plant could be improved through simultaneous selection of number of pods per plant, number of seeds per pod, hundred seed weight and harvest index. It is desirable to give more weightage to these characters in selection program.

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